

## **Sample Question Paper Engineering Mathematics-3**

1. Find the Laplace transform of  $\frac{\cos 2t \sin t}{e^t}$
2. Find k such that  $f(z) = \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 + y^2) + i \tan^{-1} \frac{kx}{y}$  is analytic

3. Calculate the Spearman's rank correlation coefficient R

X : 10,12,18,18,15,40.

Y : 12,18,25,25,50,25

4. Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $\log \left( \frac{s^2+a^2}{s^2+b^2} \right)$
5. A continuous random variable has probability density function

$$f(x) = k(x - x^2), 0 \leq x \leq 1.$$

$$f(x) = 0 \text{ otherwise}$$

Find k, mean and variance.

6. Find the Laplace transform of  $e^{-3t} \int_0^t u \sin 3u du$ .

$$\text{Hence show that } \frac{\pi^2}{12} = \frac{1}{1^2}, \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2}$$

7. If the imaginary part of the analytic function  $w = u + iv = f(z)$  is

$$V = x^2 - y^2 + \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}, \text{ then show that } u = -2 \times y + \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2}.$$

8. Find inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{2s^2-6s+5}{(s^3-6s^2+11s-6)}$
9. Obtain the Fourier series to represent  $f(x) = x^3$  in  $(-\pi, \pi)$ .
10. Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of curves  $x^3y - xy^3 = c$ .
11. Obtain the half range cosine series of  $f(x) = x$  in  $(0, 2)$

$$\text{Hence show that } \frac{\pi^4}{96} = \frac{1}{1^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \frac{1}{5^4} \cdots \cdots$$

12. Using convolution theorem Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $\left[ \frac{s^2}{(s^2+2^2)^2} \right]$

13. The probability density function of a random variable  $X$  is?

Find  $k, p(X < 5), P(X > 5)$

14. If  $v = 3x^2y + 6xy - y^3$ , show that  $v$  is harmonic function And find the corresponding analytic function.